## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

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1. (Currently amended) A method for selecting a node to host a primary
server for a service from a plurality of nodes in a distributed computing system,
the method comprising:
periodically sending checkpoint information from a primary server to a
secondary server;
receiving an indication that a state of the distributed computing system has
changed;
in response to the indication, determining if there is already a node hosting
the primary server for the service; and
if there is not already a node hosting the primary server, selecting a node to
host the primary server based upon rank information for the nodes, wherein the
rank information specifies whether the selected node is a secondary server which
has received the checkpoint information, whereby the secondary server is able to
take over for the primary server without having to wait to receive additional
configuration information.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein selecting the node to host the primary server involves:
- assuming that a given node from the plurality of nodes in the distributed
  computing system hosts the primary server,

5	communicating rank information between the given node and other nodes
6	in the distributed computing system, wherein each node in the distributed
7	computing system has a unique rank with respect to the other nodes in the
8	distributed computing system,
9	comparing a rank of the given node with a rank of the other nodes in the
10	distributed computing system, and
11	if one of the other nodes in the distributed computing system has a higher
12	rank than the given node, disqualifying the given node from hosting the primary
13	server.
1	3. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising, if there exists a
2	node that is configured to host the primary server, allowing the node that is
3	configured to host the primary server to communicate with other nodes in the
4	distributed computing system in order to disqualify the other nodes from hosting
5	the primary server.
1	4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein assuming that the given nod
2	hosts the primary server involves:
3	maintaining a candidate variable in the given node identifying a candidate
4	node to host the primary server; and
5	initially setting the candidate variable to identify the given node.
1	5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising, after a new node
2	has been selected to host the primary server, if the new node is different from a
3	previous node that hosted the primary server, establishing connections for the
4	service to the new node.

	1	6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising, after a new node
N 1	2	has been selected to host the primary server, if the new node is different from a
MI	3	previous node that hosted the primary server, configuring the new node to host the
٠	4	primary server for the service.
ن	1	7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising restarting the
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	2	service if the service was interrupted as a result of the change in state of the
	3	distributed computing system.
	1	8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the given node in
	2	the distributed computing system acts acan be dynamically configured to act as
	3	one of:
	4	a host for the primary server for the service;
	5	a host for a secondary server for the service, wherein the secondary server
	6	periodically receives checkpointing information from the primary server; and
•	7	a spare for the primary server, wherein the spare does not receive
	. 8	checkpointing information from the primary server.
	1	0. (Original) The method of claim & further comprising upon initial
	1	9. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising, upon initial
	2	startup of the service, selecting a highest ranking spare to host the primary server
	. 3	for the service.
	1	10. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising allowing the
	2	primary server to configure spares in the distributed computing system to host
	3	secondary servers for the service.
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given node with the rank of the other nodes in the distributed computing system

11. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein comparing the rank of the

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	4	host for a space, and considering a host for a secondary server to have a higher
\	5	rank than a spare.
}	1	12. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein disqualifying the given
-	2	node from hosting the primary server involves ceasing to communicate rank
	3	information between the given node and the other nodes in the distributed
	4	computing system.
	1	13. (Currently amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing
	2	instructions that when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a
	3	method for selecting a node to host a primary server for a service from a plurality
	4	of nodes in a distributed computing system, the method comprising:
	5	periodically sending checkpoint information from a primary server to a
	6	secondary server;
	7	receiving an indication that a state of the distributed computing system has
	8	changed;
	9	in response to the indication, determining if there is already a node hosting
	10	the primary server for the service; and
	11	if there is not already a node hosting the primary server, selecting a node to
	12	host the primary server based upon rank information for the nodes, wherein the
	13	rank information specifies whether the selected node is a secondary server which
	14	has received the checkpoint information, whereby the secondary server is able to
	15	take over for the primary server without having to wait to receive additional

involves considering a host for the primary server to have a higher rank than a

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14. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 13, wherein selecting the node to host the primary server involves:

configuration information.

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3	assuming that a given node from the plurality of nodes in the distributed
4	computing system hosts the primary server,
5	communicating rank information between the given node and other nodes
6	in the distributed computing system, wherein each node in the distributed
7	computing system has a unique rank with respect to the other nodes in the
8	distributed computing system,
9	comparing a rank of the given node with a rank of the other nodes in the
10	distributed computing system, and
11	if one of the other nodes in the distributed computing system has a higher
12	rank than the given node, disqualifying the given node from hosting the primary
13	server.
1	15. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
	wherein if there exists a node that is configured to host the primary server, the
2	method further comprises allowing the node that is configured to host the primary
3	server to communicate with other nodes in the distributed computing system in
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5	order to disqualify the other nodes from hosting the primary server.
1	16. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
2	wherein assuming that the given node hosts the primary server involves:
3	maintaining a candidate variable in the given node identifying a candidate
4	node to host the primary server; and
5	initially setting the candidate variable to identify the given node.
1	17. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 13,
2	wherein after a new node has been selected to host the primary server, if the new
3	node is different from a previous node that hosted the primary server, the method
4	further comprises establishing connections for the service to the new node.

	1	18. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 13,
	2	wherein after a new node has been selected to host the primary server, if the new
	3	node is different from a previous node that hosted the primary server, the method
	4	further comprises configuring the new node to host the primary server for the
	5	service.
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	1	19. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 13,
	2	wherein the method further comprises restarting the service if the service was
	3	interrupted as a result of the change in state of the distributed computing system.
	1	20. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
	2	14, wherein the given node in the distributed computing system acts acan be
	3	dynamically configured to act as one of:
	4	a host for the primary server for the service;
	5	a host for a secondary server for the service, wherein the secondary server
	6	periodically receives checkpointing information from the primary server; and
•	7	a spare for the primary server, wherein the spare does not receive
	8	checkpointing information from the primary server.
	1	21. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 20,
	2	wherein upon initial startup of the service, the method further comprises selecting
	3	a highest ranking spare to host the primary server for the service.
	1	22. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 20,
	2	wherein the method further comprises allowing the primary server to configure
	3	spares in the distributed computing system to host secondary servers for the

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service.

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1	23. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 20,
2	wherein comparing the rank of the given node with the rank of the other nodes in
3	the distributed computing system involves considering a host for the primary
4	server to have a higher rank than a host for a space, and considering a host for a
5	secondary server to have a higher rank than a spare.

- 24. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14, wherein disqualifying the given node from hosting the primary server involves ceasing to communicate rank information between the given node and the other nodes in the distributed computing system.
- 25. (Currently amended) An apparatus that selects a node to host a primary server for a service from a plurality of nodes in a distributed computing system, the apparatus comprising:

a sending mechanism configured to periodically send checkpoint information from a primary server to a secondary server;

a receiving mechanism that is configured to receive an indication that a state of the distributed computing system has changed;

a determination mechanism that is configured to determine if there is already a node hosting the primary server for the service in response to the indication;

a selecting mechanism, wherein if there is not already a node hosting the primary server, the selecting mechanism is configured to select a node to host the primary server based upon rank information for the nodes, wherein the rank information specifies whether the selected node is a secondary server which has received the checkpoint information, whereby the secondary server is able to take over for the primary server without having to wait to receive additional configuration information.

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1	26. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein, in selecting a node to
2	host the primary server based upon rank information, the selecting mechanism is
3	configured to:
4	communicate rank information between the given node and other nodes in
5	the distributed computing system, wherein each node in the distributed computing
6	system has a unique rank with respect to the other nodes in the distributed
7	computing system, and to
8	compare a rank of the given node with a rank of the other nodes in the
9	distributed computing system.
1	27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, further comprising a
2	disqualification mechanism that is configured to disqualify the given node from
3	hosting the primary server if one of the other nodes in the distributed computing
4	system has a higher rank than the given node.
1	28. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, further comprising a mechanism
2	on the primary server that is configured to communicate with other nodes in the
3	distributed computing system in order to disqualify the other nodes from hosting
4	the primary server.
1	29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the selecting mechanism
2	is configured to:
3	maintain a candidate variable in the given node identifying a candidate
4	node to host the primary server; and to
5	initially set the candidate variable to identify the given node.
1	30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, further comprising a connection
2 .	mechanism that is configured to establish connections for the service to a new

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3	node after the new node has been selected to host the primary server, and if the
4	new node is different from a previous node that hosted the primary server.

1	31. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, further comprising a mechanism
2	that configures a new node to host the primary server for the service, after the new
3	node has been selected to host the primary server, and if the new node is different
4	from a previous node that hosted the primary server.

- 32. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, further comprising a restarting mechanism that is configured to restart the service if the service was interrupted as a result of the change in state of the distributed computing system.
- 33. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the given node in the distributed computing system acts acan be dynamically configured to act as one of:
- a host for the primary server for the service;
- a host for a secondary server for the service, wherein the secondary server periodically receives checkpointing information from the primary server; and
- a spare for the primary server, wherein the spare does not receive checkpointing information from the primary server.
- 34. (Original) The apparatus of claim 33, further comprising an initialization mechanism wherein during initialization of the service, the initialization mechanism is configured to select a highest ranking spare to host the primary server for the service.

	1	35. (Original) The apparatus of claim 33, further comprising a promotion
ł	2	mechanism on the primary server that that is configured to promote spares in the
14	3	distributed computing system to host secondary servers for the service.
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	1	36. (Original) The apparatus of claim 33, wherein while comparing the
•	2	rank of the given node with the rank of the other nodes in the distributed
	3	computing system, the selecting mechanism is configured to consider a host for
	4	the primary server to have a higher rank than a host for a secondary server, and to
	5	consider a host for a secondary server to have a higher rank than a spare.
	1	37. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the selecting mechanism
	2	is configured to cease to communicate rank information between the given node
	3	and the other nodes in the distributed computing system after the given node is
	4	disqualified by the disqualification mechanism.
-	1	38. (Currently amended) A method for selecting a node to host a primary
	2	server for a service from a plurality of nodes in a distributed computer system,
	3	comprising:
	4	periodically sending checkpoint information from a primary server to a
	5	secondary server;
	6	communicating disqualification information between the node and
	7	remaining nodes in the plurality of nodes;
	8	disqualifying the node from hosting the primary server based upon the
	9	disqualification information received from the remaining nodes.
	フ	disdualification information received from the remaining frees.

39. (Original) The method of claim 38, wherein the disqualification information comprises a node rank information.

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A l	1 2 3	40. (Original) The method of claim 39, wherein the node rank for a given node is calculated using an assumption that the given node hosts the primary server.
•	1 2	41. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein the calculated node rank is unique with respect to the ranks of other nodes in the distributed computer system.
	1	42. (Original) The method of claim 39, wherein the disqualifying of the
	2	node comprises:
	3	comparing a rank of the node to a set of ranks of the remaining nodes in
	4	the distributed computer system; and
	5	disqualifying the node from hosting the primary server if one of the set of

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at least one more node in the plurality of nodes.

acts of communicating disqualification information and disqualifying the node for

43. (Original) The method of claim 38, further comprising repeating the

ranks of the remaining nodes is higher than the rank of the node.